

Butterfly valves for high temperature series GD(H) - LDK

Butterfly valves of series GD(H) and LDK are suitable for industrial plants to regulate hot air and exhaust combustion gas, not containing cast iron corrosive substances.

Typical application for these valves are foundries, industrial furnaces, drying plants, gas turbines, heat treatment and other thermal treatment.

GD is available with free shaft or motorized with electric or pneumatic actuator, GDH valves are available with ratchet handle lockable in 16 positions.

LDK-1 and LDK-4 is a compact and light weight version of butterfly valve for high temperature, particularly suitable for ventilating systems according to DIN 24154 T2R2.



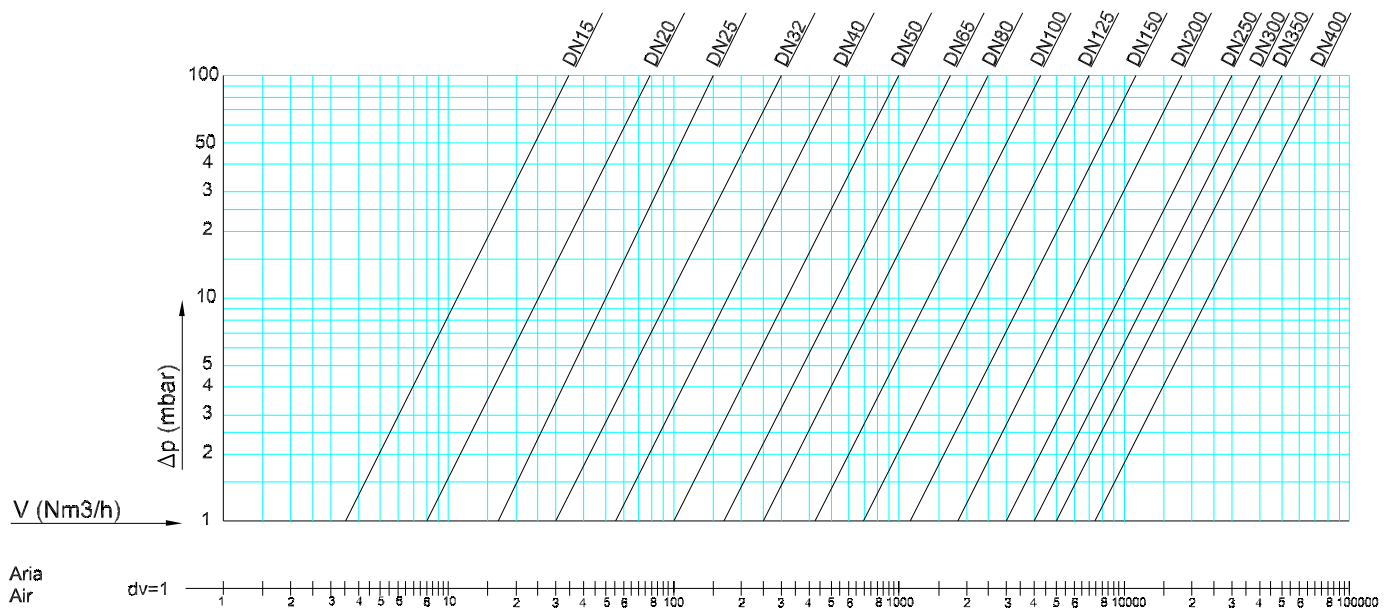
TECHNICAL FEATURES

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Valve body | Grey cast-iron GG25, stainless steel AISI 304 |
| Valve disc | Steel St.37, grey cast-iron GG25, stainless steel AISI 304 |
| Spindle | Steel St.37, AISI 420S37, AISI 303, AISI 321 |
| Gland packing | Graphite rings, alu-silicate |
| Diameters model GD | DN15 ÷ DN5000 |
| Diameters model LDK | DN63 ÷ DN5000 |
| Flanges GD | Wafer type PN6, PN10 and PN16 |
| Flanges LDK | Wafer type (LDK-1) or body flanged (LDK-4) according to DIN 24154 T2R2 |
| Max pressure | 1 bar (standard) |
| Standard temperature | GD(H)3 up to 350 °C, GD(H)4 up to 450 °C, GD(H)6 up to 650 °C, LDK up to 450 °C |
| Max temperature | - 40 ÷ 1000 °C, depending on material combination |
| Leakage rate | 1% of Kv a 90°, 0,1 ÷ 0,2% of Kv with ledge seat inside the valve body and 0,01 ÷ 0,02% of Kv with ledge seat inside the valve body and flexible sealing |

FEATURES

- Robust and consistent butterfly valve suitable for heavy industry application
- Free shaft butterfly valve or equipped with hand wheel
- Motorized butterfly valves with electrical actuator (floating or analogical control) or with pneumatic actuator, simple or double effect
- Various leakage class up to class III tight

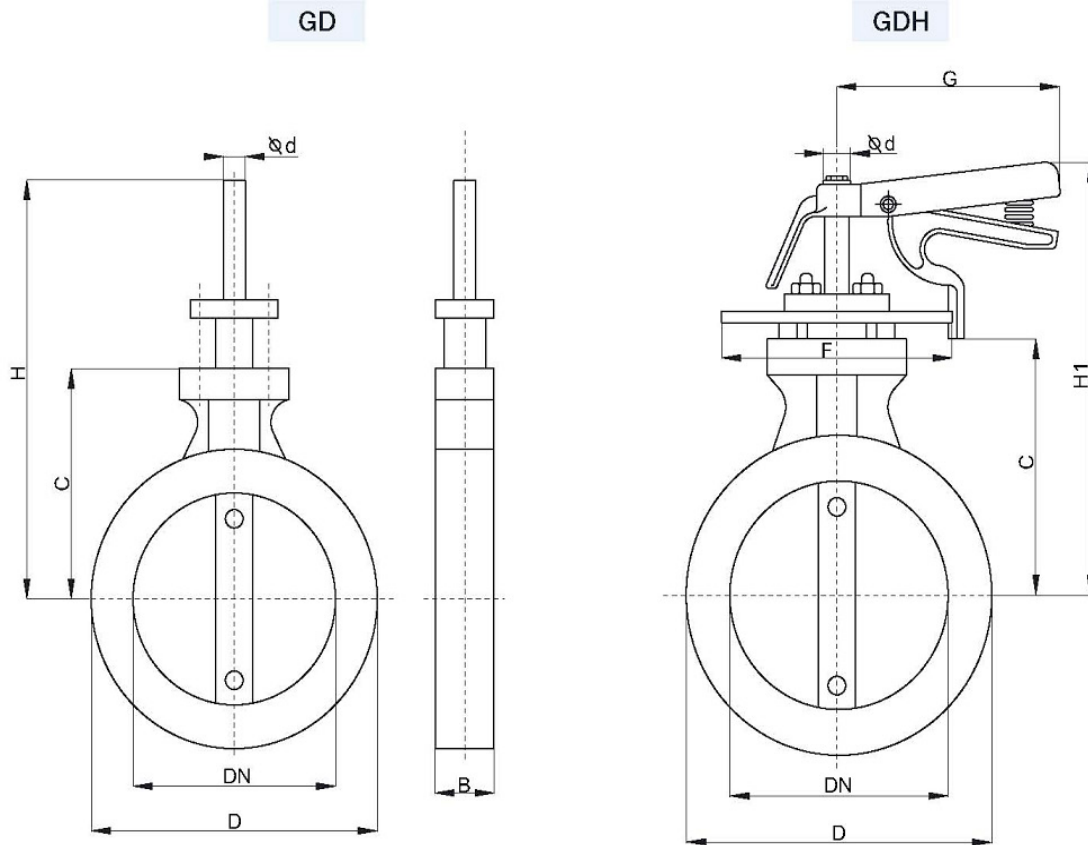
FLOW DIAGRAM VALVE GD



| FLOW RATE Kv | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| DN | 10° | 20° | 30° | 40° | 50° | 60° | 70° | 80° | 90° |
| 25 | 0,2 | 0,8 | 1,8 | 3 | 7 | 9 | 9,9 | 11 | 18 |
| 32 | 0,35 | 1,2 | 3 | 6 | 14 | 18 | 19,5 | 21 | 32 |
| 40 | 0,9 | 2,9 | 6 | 15 | 29 | 33 | 36 | 38,5 | 60 |
| 50 | 1,9 | 5,2 | 13 | 27 | 44 | 63 | 68 | 71 | 115 |
| 65 | 4,5 | 12 | 19 | 42 | 74 | 95 | 108 | 125 | 190 |
| 80 | 5,5 | 16 | 30 | 55 | 95 | 130 | 165 | 188 | 280 |
| 100 | 8 | 22 | 58 | 100 | 160 | 230 | 288 | 350 | 480 |
| 125 | 9 | 35 | 80 | 170 | 250 | 370 | 490 | 610 | 800 |
| 150 | 15 | 56 | 120 | 225 | 320 | 530 | 715 | 910 | 1200 |
| 200 | 22 | 102 | 210 | 370 | 650 | 1010 | 1550 | 1990 | 2180 |
| 250 | 34 | 165 | 340 | 620 | 990 | 1600 | 2070 | 2790 | 3280 |
| 300 | 73 | 230 | 510 | 880 | 1530 | 2300 | 3040 | 4200 | 4740 |
| 350 | 93 | 320 | 560 | 1300 | 2030 | 3010 | 4080 | 5800 | 6410 |
| 400 | 124 | 460 | 975 | 1400 | 2400 | 3900 | 5540 | 7500 | 8400 |

| DRIVE TORQUE FOR GD... VALVES WITH INLET PRESSURE 100 mbar | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Diameter DN | 100 | 125 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 450 | 500 |
| Torque Nm | 15 | 20 | 25 | 37 | 40 | 42 | 45 | 57 | 65 | 75 |

GD(H)3 350 °C AND GD(H)4 450 °C



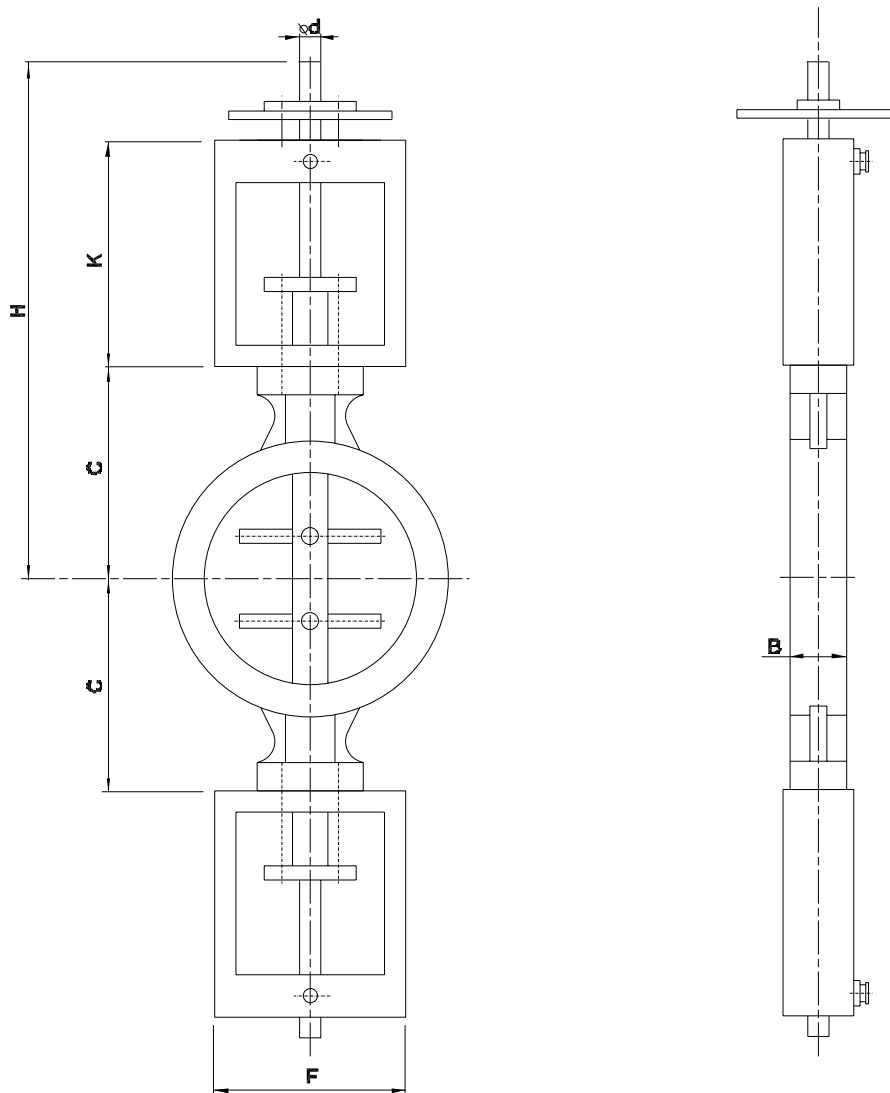
Dimensions in mm

| Model | | DN | B | C | ØD | Ød | ØF | G | H | H1 | Weight Kg |
|-----------------|-------------|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|
| Exposed spindle | With handle | | | | | | | | | | |
| GD*- 15 | GDH*- 15 | 15 | 25 | 60 | 44 | 8 | 100 | 100 | 140 | 130 | 1,1 |
| GD*- 20 | GDH*- 20 | 20 | 25 | 60 | 44 | 8 | 100 | 100 | 140 | 130 | 1,1 |
| GD*- 25 | GDH*- 25 | 25 | 25 | 75 | 60 | 10 | 100 | 100 | 155 | 145 | 1,6 |
| GD*- 32 | GDH*- 32 | 32 | 25 | 80 | 67 | 10 | 100 | 100 | 160 | 150 | 1,6 |
| GD*- 40 | GDH*- 40 | 40 | 25 | 83 | 75 | 10 | 100 | 100 | 163 | 153 | 1,6 |
| GD*- 50 | GDH*- 50 | 50 | 25 | 85 | 85 | 10 | 100 | 105 | 165 | 150 | 1,6 |
| GD*- 65 | GDH*- 65 | 65 | 25 | 95 | 105 | 12 | 100 | 120 | 175 | 160 | 2,2 |
| GD*- 80 | GDH*- 80 | 80 | 30 | 105 | 120 | 12 | 100 | 120 | 185 | 170 | 2,5 |
| GD*- 100 | GDH*- 100 | 100 | 30 | 115 | 140 | 12 | 100 | 120 | 195 | 180 | 2,8 |
| GD*- 125 | GDH*- 125 | 125 | 35 | 135 | 170 | 12 | 115 | 150 | 225 | 205 | 4,8 |
| GD*- 150 | GDH*- 150 | 150 | 40 | 150 | 195 | 15 | 115 | 150 | 240 | 220 | 5,7 |
| GD*- 200 | GDH*- 200 | 200 | 40 | 175 | 255 | 15 | 115 | 150 | 265 | 245 | 8,8 |
| GD*- 250 | GDH*- 250 | 250 | 40 | 220 | 310 | 15 | 115 | 150 | 320 | 305 | 14 |
| GD*- 300 | GDH*- 300 | 300 | 45 | 240 | 360 | 20 | 160 | 220 | 340 | 325 | 23 |
| GD*- 350 | GDH*- 350 | 350 | 45 | 290 | 411 | 25 | 160 | 220 | 420 | 410 | 27 |
| GD*- 400 | GDH*- 400 | 400 | 50 | 336 | 466 | 30 | 160 | 220 | 466 | 466 | 39 |

*3 = for temperature up to 350° C
 *4 = for temperature up to 450° C

On request available up to DN5000

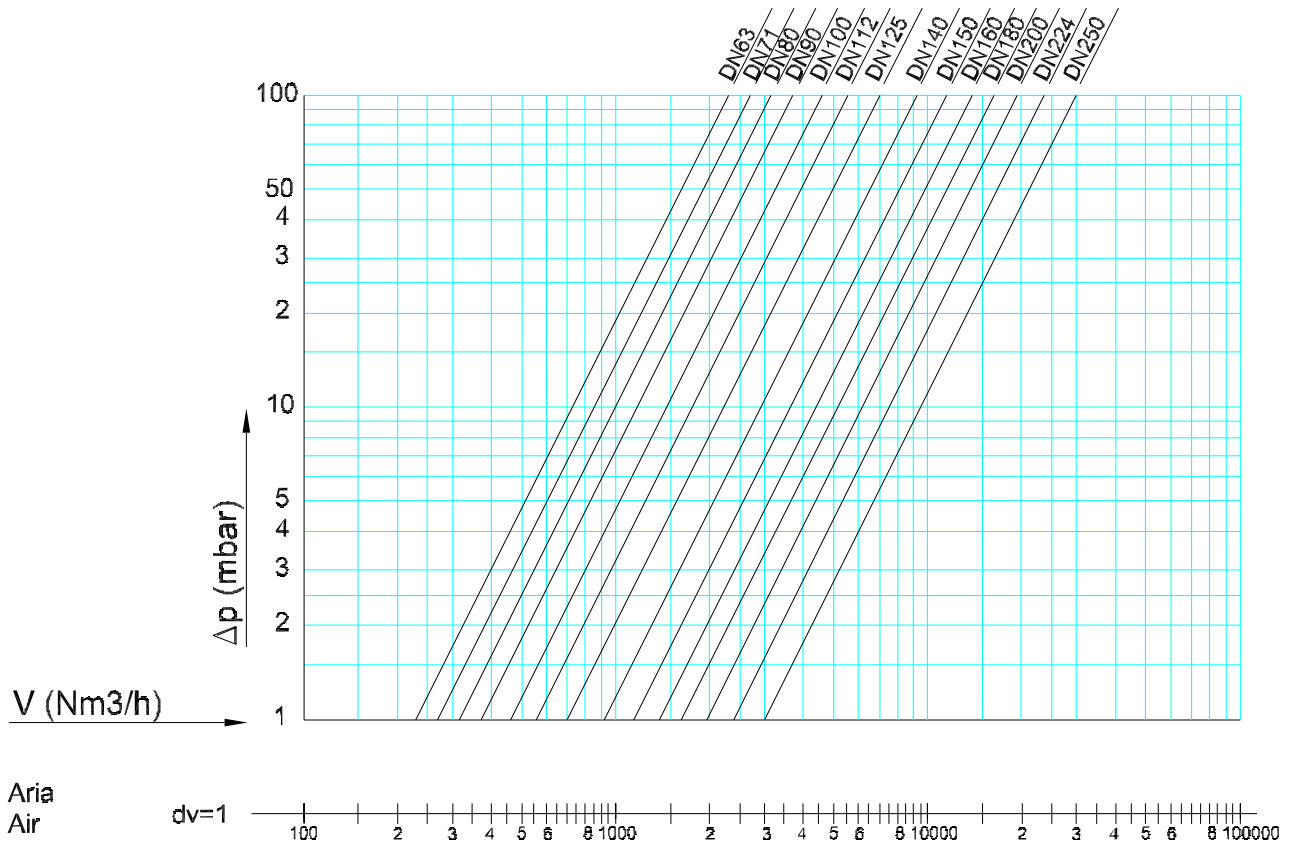
GD(H)6 650 °C WITH EXTERNAL BEARINGS



Dimensions in mm

| Model | | DN | B | C | ØD | Ød | K | H | Weight Kg |
|-----------------|-------------|-----|----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----------|
| Exposed spindle | With handle | | | | | | | | |
| GD6-25 | GDH6-25 | 25 | 25 | 75 | 60 | 10 | 160 | 315 | 2,0 |
| GD6-32 | GDH6-32 | 32 | 25 | 80 | 67 | 10 | 160 | 320 | 2,6 |
| GD6-40 | GDH6-40 | 40 | 25 | 83 | 75 | 10 | 160 | 323 | 3,2 |
| GD6-50 | GDH6-50 | 50 | 25 | 85 | 85 | 10 | 160 | 325 | 4,0 |
| GD6-65 | GDH6-65 | 65 | 25 | 95 | 105 | 12 | 160 | 335 | 5,0 |
| GD6-80 | GDH6-80 | 80 | 30 | 105 | 120 | 12 | 160 | 345 | 5,8 |
| GD6-100 | GDH6-100 | 100 | 30 | 115 | 140 | 12 | 160 | 355 | 9,0 |
| GD6-125 | GDH6-125 | 125 | 35 | 135 | 170 | 12 | 160 | 385 | 14,5 |
| GD6-150 | GDH6-150 | 150 | 40 | 150 | 195 | 15 | 160 | 400 | 25,0 |
| GD6-200 | GDH6-200 | 200 | 40 | 175 | 255 | 15 | 160 | 415 | 28 |
| GD6-250 | GDH6-250 | 250 | 40 | 220 | 310 | 15 | 160 | 425 | 40 |
| GD6-300 | GDH6-300 | 300 | 45 | 240 | 360 | 20 | 160 | 435 | 50 |
| GD6-350 | GDH6-350 | 350 | 45 | 290 | 410 | 25 | 160 | 480 | 58 |
| GD6-400 | GDH6-400 | 400 | 50 | 336 | 466 | 30 | 160 | 500 | 73 |

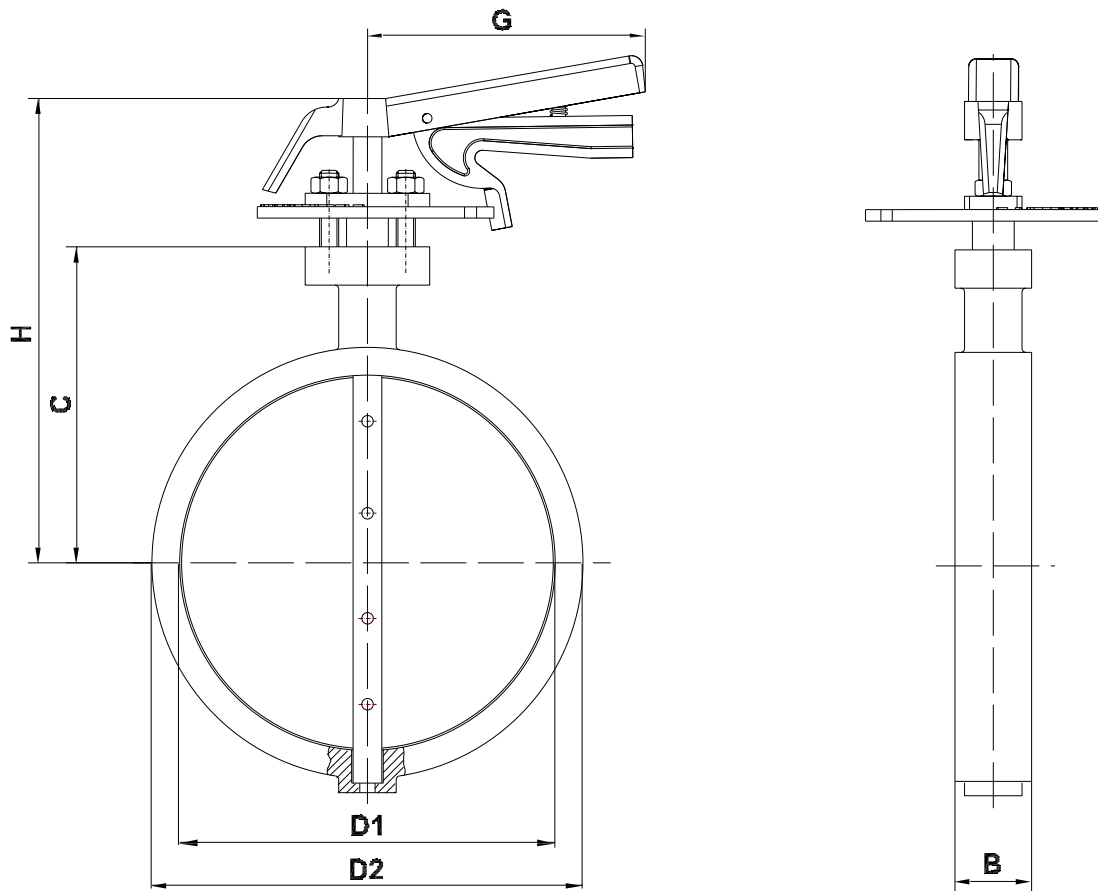
FLOW CHART VALVE LDK



| FLOW RATE Kv | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| DN | 10° | 20° | 30° | 40° | 50° | 60° | 70° | 80° | 90° |
| 63 | 4 | 12 | 19 | 44 | 77 | 99 | 113 | 131 | 199 |
| 71 | 5 | 14 | 25 | 51 | 88 | 117 | 141 | 162 | 244 |
| 80 | 6 | 17 | 32 | 58 | 100 | 137 | 173 | 197 | 294 |
| 90 | 7 | 20 | 46 | 81 | 132 | 189 | 238 | 283 | 398 |
| 100 | 8 | 23 | 61 | 105 | 168 | 242 | 302 | 368 | 504 |
| 112 | 9 | 30 | 71 | 141 | 212 | 311 | 405 | 501 | 669 |
| 125 | 10 | 37 | 84 | 179 | 263 | 389 | 515 | 641 | 840 |
| 140 | 12 | 57 | 125 | 241 | 387 | 591 | 845 | 1070 | 1235 |
| 160 | 15 | 71 | 152 | 283 | 469 | 720 | 1062 | 1360 | 1541 |
| 180 | 19 | 86 | 178 | 325 | 552 | 855 | 1283 | 1650 | 1848 |
| 200 | 23 | 107 | 221 | 389 | 683 | 1061 | 1628 | 2090 | 2289 |
| 224 | 28 | 126 | 247 | 545 | 754 | 1310 | 1907 | 2460 | 2824 |
| 250 | 36 | 173 | 357 | 651 | 1040 | 1680 | 2173 | 2929 | 3444 |

| DRIVE TORQUE FOR LDK... VALVES WITH INLET PRESSURE 100 mbar | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Diameter DN | 63÷80 | 90÷112 | 125 | 140 | 150 | 160 | 180 | 200 | 224 | 250 |
| Torque Nm | 6 | 14 | 15 | 24 | 26 | 26 | 29 | 37 | 39 | 41 |

LDK - 1

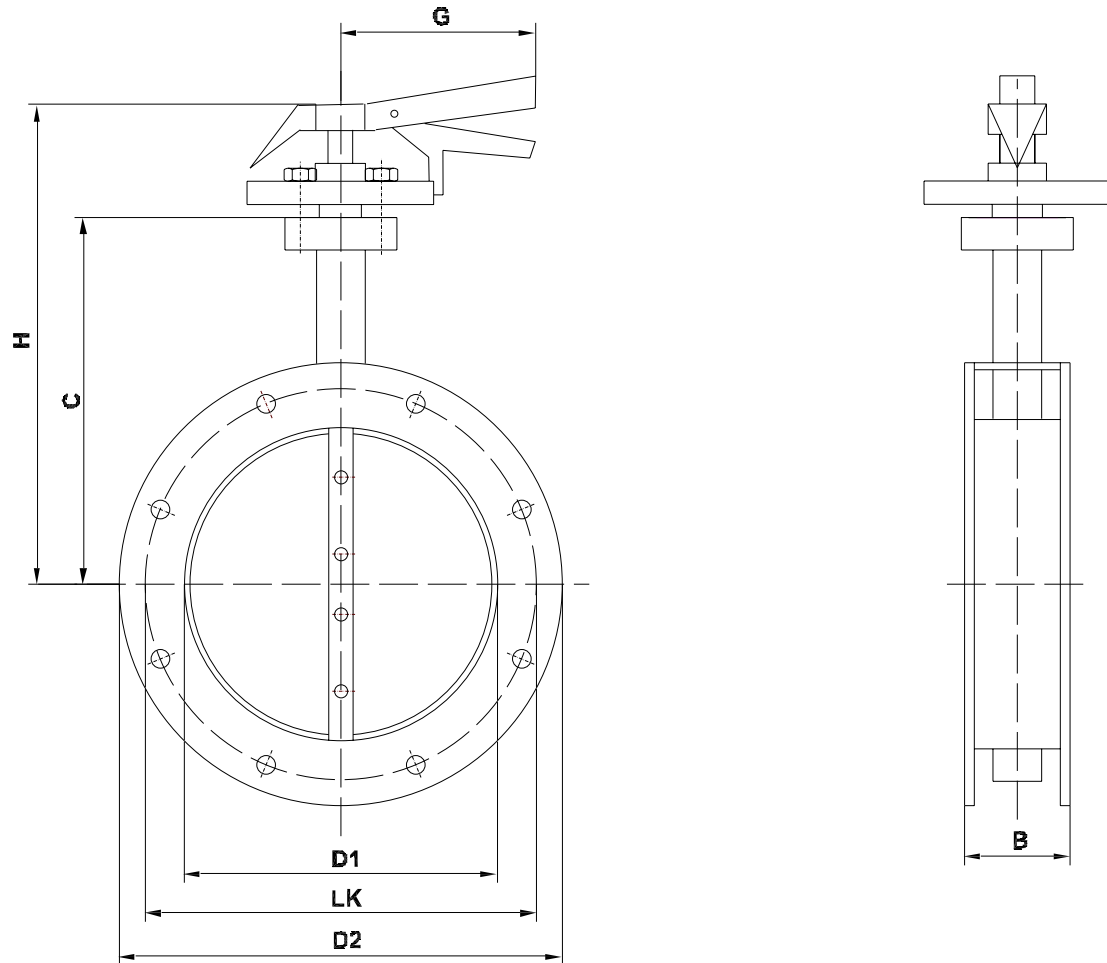


Dimensions in mm

| Model | | DN | B | C | D1 | D2 | D | H | G |
|-----------------|-------------|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| Exposed spindle | With handle | | | | | | | | |
| LDK1-63 | LDKH1-63 | 63 | 25 | 90 | 57 | 85 | 10 | 160 | 100 |
| LDK1-71 | LDKH1-71 | 71 | 25 | 95 | 67 | 105 | 10 | 165 | 100 |
| LDK1-80 | LDKH1-80 | 80 | 25 | 100 | 76 | 105 | 10 | 170 | 100 |
| LDK1-90 | LDKH1-90 | 90 | 25 | 110 | 89 | 120 | 12 | 180 | 120 |
| LDK1-100 | LDKH1-100 | 100 | 25 | 115 | 100 | 129 | 12 | 185 | 120 |
| LDK1-112 | LDKH1-112 | 112 | 30 | 121 | 111 | 140 | 12 | 191 | 120 |
| LDK1-125 | LDKH1-125 | 125 | 35 | 125 | 123 | 145 | 12 | 195 | 145 |
| LDK1-140 | LDKH1-140 | 140 | 35 | 140 | 138 | 168 | 15 | 215 | 145 |
| LDK1-150 | LDKH1-150 | 150 | 40 | 145 | 146 | 179 | 15 | 220 | 145 |
| LDK1-160 | LDKH1-160 | 160 | 40 | 145 | 155 | 185 | 15 | 220 | 145 |
| LDK1-180 | LDKH1-180 | 180 | 40 | 155 | 174 | 206 | 15 | 230 | 145 |
| LDK1-200 | LDKH1-200 | 200 | 40 | 165 | 196 | 225 | 15 | 240 | 145 |
| LDK1-224 | LDKH1-224 | 224 | 40 | 175 | 220 | 280 | 15 | 250 | 145 |
| LDK1-250 | LDKH1-250 | 250 | 40 | 200 | 247 | 275 | 15 | 275 | 145 |

On request available up to DN5000

LDK - 4



Dimensions in mm

| Model | | DN | B | C | D1 | D2 | d | G | H | N° of holes and LK |
|-----------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|--------------------|
| Exposed spindle | With handle | | | | | | | | | |
| LDK4-63 | LDKH4-63 | 63 | 100 | 108 | 58 | 128 | 15 | 145 | 160 | 4x102 |
| LDK4-71 | LDKH4-71 | 71 | 100 | 111 | 64 | 133 | 15 | 145 | 165 | 4x110 |
| LDK4-80 | LDKH4-80 | 80 | 100 | 115 | 72 | 142 | 15 | 145 | 170 | 4x118 |
| LDK4-90 | LDKH4-90 | 90 | 100 | 120 | 82 | 152 | 15 | 145 | 180 | 4x128 |
| LDK4-100 | LDKH4-100 | 100 | 100 | 125 | 92 | 162 | 15 | 145 | 185 | 4x139 |
| LDK4-112 | LDKH4-112 | 112 | 100 | 131 | 104 | 174 | 15 | 145 | 191 | 4x151 |
| LDK4-125 | LDKH4-125 | 125 | 100 | 138 | 118 | 187 | 15 | 145 | 195 | 4x165 |
| LDK4-140 | LDKH4-140 | 140 | 100 | 145 | 132 | 212 | 15 | 145 | 215 | 8x182 |
| LDK4-150 | LDKH4-150 | 150 | 100 | 151 | 143 | 222 | 15 | 145 | 220 | 8x191 |
| LDK4-160 | LDKH4-160 | 160 | 100 | 155 | 152 | 232 | 15 | 145 | 220 | 8x200 |
| LDK4-180 | LDKH4-180 | 180 | 100 | 165 | 172 | 252 | 15 | 145 | 230 | 8x219 |
| LDK4-200 | LDKH4-200 | 200 | 100 | 176 | 194 | 273 | 15 | 145 | 240 | 8x241 |
| LDK4-224 | LDKH4-224 | 224 | 100 | 188 | 218 | 297 | 15 | 145 | 250 | 8x265 |
| LDK4-250 | LDKH4-250 | 250 | 100 | 201 | 244 | 323 | 15 | 145 | 275 | 8x292 |

INSTALLATION AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

1. BEFORE INSTALLATION

Piping connection flanges should be parallel to each other.

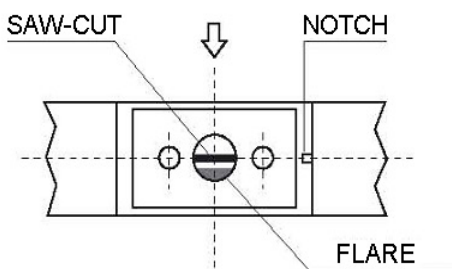
Thoroughly clean the flanges surface of both pipe and valve.

Insert gaskets concentrically and introduce the screws connecting flanges evenly, avoiding faulty clamping of the butterfly valve body.

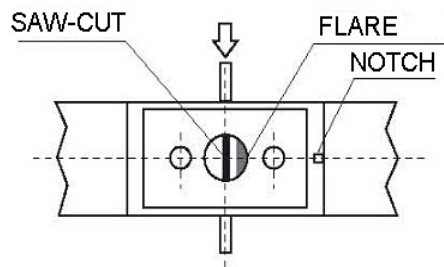
Any axial forces - such as thermal expansion - must be balanced by expansion joints. Make sure that the butterfly valve would not be affected by axial load of the pipeline or would be used as a fixed point to support the pipe. Put the valve onto "Closed position" and check its function. Avoid any forced action.

In "Closed position", the saw-cut at the upper spindle-end, equipped for controlling the position of the valve, and the notch on the spindle and on the frame must have the same orientation.

VALVE ON CLOSED POSITION



VALVE ON OPEN POSITION



Set both the valve as well as the actuator in OPEN position by hand and after electrical actuator construction, back in approx. 45° position.

Connect the electrical gear motor in accordance with the wiring diagram, supplied apart and check right operation and the correct rotation way of actuator.



WARNING

In closing direction, please drive the actuator with torque switch.

Use the limit switch in closing direction only as control-switch [signal]. With hydraulic motors, check opening and closing of springs.

Generally, set both the actuator and the valve on open position during the installation of the gear motor.

From DN 200 onwards, the valve must be installed horizontally.

By butterfly valve with ledge seat, the bottom part of the valve disc should open contrary to the flow direction. Any deviation should be reported at purchase time.

Make sure that the bottom side of the valve disc would act upstream, by opening the valve. Open and close the valve several times, to check the correct operation.

2. MAINTENANCE

A special stuffing box packing and a mobile sealing ring ensure the tight leak of the spindle. Adjustments are possible during operation.



WARNING

Keep the butterfly valve fully open, during start-up at high pressure and high-speed flow, to avoid pressure falls. Do not insulate the pipe near the sealing.